Implementation of benefits offered to doctors in 1987

415. SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:
SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the provisions of the package of benefits offered by Government to doctors in July, 1987 which have still not been implemented and the reasons thereof; and

(b) whether various associations of doctors have complained in this regard; if so, Government's response thereto?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI MOTI LAL VORA): (a) A Statement giving the required information is attached. (*See* below).

(b) Yes, Sir. Action is being taken to expedite implementation of oustanding benefits.

Statement

Sl. No.	Benefits Announced	Reasons for Non-Implementation
1	Conversion of 10% of the total number of Senior Duty Posts in Generals Duty Sub-Cadre into non-functional selection Grade and promotion of eligible Chief Medical Officer in the N. F.S.G.	After completing the necessary administrative formalities the D PC has met to select officers for promotion to non-Functional Selection Grade. Necessary orders will be issued after taking the approval of the competent authority.
2	Placement of Associate Professors with 6 years service and Special is Grade-II Officers with 9 Years service in the scale of Rs. 4500-5700.	Placement in the grade of Rs. 4500-5700 required completion of several administrative formalities action on which is nearing finalization.
3	Demands of doctors for a higher start for Medical Officers (Rs. 2200-4000) and Specialists (Rs. 3000-5000) and three time bound promotions may be referred to Group of Ministers.	The matter needs detailed examination and is under active consideration.

Generation of data of Ayurvedic drugs by the CSIR

414. SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:
SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the Ayurvedic drugs about which the CSIR propose to (i) generate data and (ii) standardise the manufacturing; and

(b) the names of those indigenous herbal drugs about which (i) generation of data and (ii) standardisation of manufacturing have already been done by the CSIR?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY, ELECTRONICS AND SPACE (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) The names of the Ayurvedic drugs on which CSIR proposes to generate data are *Splanthus acmella, Acorus calamus, Embelia ribes, Aconitum heterophyllum, Ichnocarpus fruitiscences, Picrohiza kurroa*, Tylophora indica, Chavanprash Brahmi Keetmari, Yawani—all different Artemisia species.

(b) Generation of data and standardization of manufacturing has been completed for a few compounds. Formulations for Drakashasava and Ashokarishtha, Sallai

guggal (Boswellia serrata) and pipil (pipel longum) and Adusa (adhatoda vasaka) have also been completed. Data has also been generated and botanical standarisation done for 92 single drugs. Notable ones are Jivanti, Nagkesera, Plaksha, CSIR has also developed and standardised successfully a cervical dilator (isaptent from isangel seed husk for dilation of cervix prior to medical termination of pregnancy and a lipid lowering agent from guggul resin).

Recommendations of the Conference of Chief Election Officers

415. SHRI LAL K. ADVANI:
SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR:

Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) the recommendation of the conference of Chief Election Officers held recently at Ooty regarding electoral reforms;

(b) whether the Election Commission had previously forwarded to Government about 90-odd proposals for electoral reforms; if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) what action has been taken on the rest of the proposals of the Ooty conference; and

(d) what is Government's decision on each of the 90 odd proposals that it had from the Election Commission in 1982?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI HANS RAJ BHARDWAJ): (a) The required information is given in the Statement attached (*See* below).

(b) and (d) The proposal received from Election Commission earlier has been laid on the Table of the Rajya Sabha in reply to Unstarred Question No. 104 on 4-10-82. Before the proposals could be considered and decided upon the General Elections of 1984 intervened. However one of the major proposals was to ban defections of legislatures from one Political party to another which was implemented by 52nd Constitutional Amendment. The Election Commission reviewed other proposals in the light of the further experience gained in the said election and re-formulated the proposals according to priority. These proposals are under active consideration. No final decision has been taken on them so far.

(c) The Conference of Chief Electoral Officers has made several other recommendations having a bearing on one aspect or another of the conduct of elections like preparation and perservation of electoral rolls programme for intensive/summary revision procedure for appointment of counting agents, setting up of candidates camps near the polling stations, inspection of offices of District Election Officers etc., As per the usual procedure the Election Commission will initiate necessary steps for processing the recommendations further.

Statement

Recommendations of the Conference of Chief Electoral Officers held in Ooty in August, 1986 regarding Electoral performs

In reply to part (a) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 415 for answer on 15-11-1988.

1. *Multipurpose Identity cards*:

A scheme of multipurpose identify cards on the pattern of a passport with each page being used for a particular purpose may be introduced in one or more States on an experimental basis.

2. *Date of Elections*:

As far as possible, general elections to the Lok Sabha and State Assemblies whose terms are expiring within a span of six months, may be held together without any necessity for a State Government to dissolve the Assembly to bring it in line for a simultaneous election.

In order to achieve the Constitutional mandate of biennial retirements in Upper Houses a specific scheme for dividing the seats in the Upper Houses in certain categories and for providing that members